

January 14, 2020



Dear [REDACTED]:

Re: Your request for access to information under Part II of the Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 2015 [JPS/136/2019]

On December 16, 2019, the Department of Justice and Public Safety (JPS) received your request for access to the following records:

“Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, what applicant made an request for to Justice and Public Work’s coordinator please write back what the applicant made an request for.



Record’s/Information y/m/d [REDACTED] became a commissioner for oath’s in and for the province of Newfoundland and Labrador, (J.P.)

Applicant want to know what do it cost [REDACTED] for an affidavit and do it cost the applicant \$40.00 dollar’s to get affidavit filled out and all partie’s sign it when applicant buy a vehicle for \$2000.00 dollar’s not \$500.00 dollar’s. [REDACTED] said to the applicant save you some tax applicant did sign affidavit but did not use it two sign cost \$80.00 dollars.



In regards to this request, the only information JPS has in its custody/control is the date [REDACTED] became a Commissioner for Oaths. Please be advised that a decision has been made by the Deputy Minister for JPS that access to this information has been refused in accordance with the following exception to disclosure, as specified in the **Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 2015** (the Act):

40. (1) The head of a public body shall refuse to disclose personal information to an applicant where the disclosure would be an unreasonable invasion of a third party's personal privacy.

While we cannot provide you with the date that he became a Commissioner, we can advise that, generally, when someone applies to become a Commissioner for Oaths and that application is approved, their appointment applies for five years.

In regards to your questions relating to how much it would cost a Commissioner for an affidavit, JPS would note that there are no regulations regarding what a Commissioner can charge for their services.

Please be advised that you may ask the Information and Privacy Commissioner to review the processing of your access request as set out in section 42 of the Act (a copy of this section has been enclosed for your reference). A request to the Commissioner must be made in writing not later than 15 business days of the date of this letter or a longer period that may be allowed by the Commissioner.

The appeal may be addressed to the Information and Privacy Commissioner as follows:

Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner
2 Canada Drive
P. O. Box 13004, Stn. A
St. John's, NL. A1B 3V8

Telephone: (709) 729-6309
Toll-Free: 1-877-729-6309
Facsimile: (709) 729-6500

You may also appeal directly to the Supreme Court within 15 business days after you receive the decision of the public body, pursuant to section 52 of the Act (a copy of this section of the Act has been enclosed for your reference).

Please be advised that responsive records will be published following a 72 hour period after the response is sent electronically to you or five business days in the case where records are mailed to you. It is the goal to have the responsive records posted to the Completed Access to Information Requests website within one business day following the applicable period of time. Please note that requests for personal information will not be posted online.

If you have any questions please contact me by telephone at 709-729-7128, or by email at sonjaelgohary@gov.nl.ca.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Sonja El-Gohary". The signature is fluid and cursive, written in a professional style.

Sonja El-Gohary
ATIPP Coordinator

Access or correction complaint

42. (1) A person who makes a request under this Act for access to a record or for correction of personal information may file a complaint with the commissioner respecting a decision, act or failure to act of the head of the public body that relates to the request.

(2) A complaint under subsection (1) shall be filed in writing not later than 15 business days

(a) after the applicant is notified of the decision of the head of the public body, or the date of the act or failure to act; or

(b) after the date the head of the public body is considered to have refused the request under subsection 16 (2).

(3) A third party informed under section 19 of a decision of the head of a public body to grant access to a record or part of a record in response to a request may file a complaint with the commissioner respecting that decision.

(4) A complaint under subsection (3) shall be filed in writing not later than 15 business days after the third party is informed of the decision of the head of the public body.

(5) The commissioner may allow a longer time period for the filing of a complaint under this section.

(6) A person or third party who has appealed directly to the Trial Division under subsection 52 (1) or 53 (1) shall not file a complaint with the commissioner.

(7) The commissioner shall refuse to investigate a complaint where an appeal has been commenced in the Trial Division.

(8) A complaint shall not be filed under this section with respect to

(a) a request that is disregarded under section 21 ;

(b) a decision respecting an extension of time under section 23 ;

(c) a variation of a procedure under section 24 ; or

(d) an estimate of costs or a decision not to waive a cost under section 26 .

(9) The commissioner shall provide a copy of the complaint to the head of the public body concerned.

Direct appeal to Trial Division by an applicant

52. (1) Where an applicant has made a request to a public body for access to a record or correction of personal information and has not filed a complaint with the commissioner under section 42 , the applicant may appeal the decision, act or failure to act of the head of the public body that relates to the request directly to the Trial Division.

(2) An appeal shall be commenced under subsection (1) not later than 15 business days

(a) after the applicant is notified of the decision of the head of the public body, or the date of the act or failure to act; or

(b) after the date the head of the public body is considered to have refused the request under subsection 16 (2).

(3) Where an applicant has filed a complaint with the commissioner under section 42 and the commissioner has refused to investigate the complaint, the applicant may commence an appeal in the Trial Division of the decision, act or failure to act of the head of the public body that relates to the request for access to a record or for correction of personal information.

(4) An appeal shall be commenced under subsection (3) not later than 15 business days after the applicant is notified of the commissioner's refusal under subsection 45 (2).